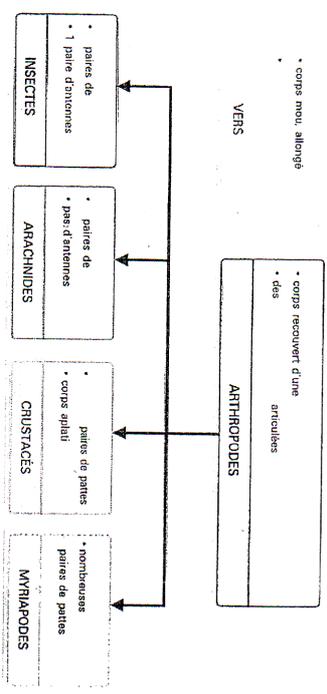
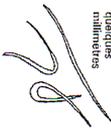


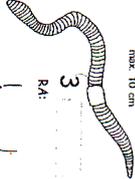
OBJECTIF 1 : Trouver (déterminer) des critères pour classer les animaux
OBJECTIF 2 : Identifier les animaux du sol avec l'aide d'un ordinateur
OBJECTIF 3 : déterminer les régimes alimentaires des animaux du sol

Quelques critères permettant de classer la microfaune du sol



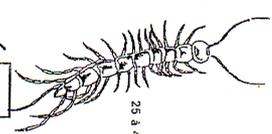
1  8 à 10 mm
R.A: débris organiques

2  quelques millimètres
R.A: débris végétaux

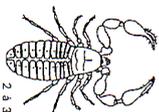
3  max. 10 cm
R.A:

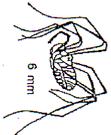
4  40 mm
R.A: débris végétaux ou animaux

5  15 à 25 mm
R.A: débris végétaux ou animaux

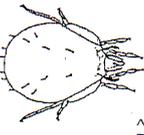
6  25 à 40 mm
R.A: carnivore

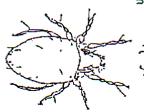
7  8 à 10 mm
R.A: débris végétaux (feuilles mortes)

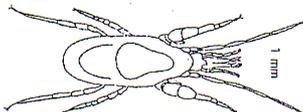
8  2 à 3 mm
R.A:

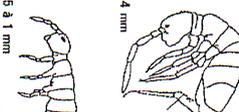
9  6 mm
R.A: Carnivore (larves d'insectes, vers.)

10  5 mm
R.A: Carnivore

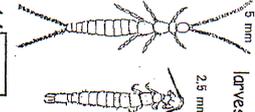
11  < 1 mm
Oribates

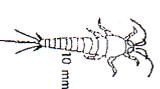
12  1 mm
Gamas

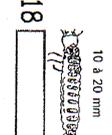
13  4 mm
RA de 15, 16, 17 = larves d'insectes

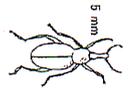
14  4 mm
F: l'enco, appareil salivaire, appareil digestif

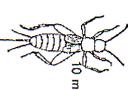
15  1,5 mm
Protou

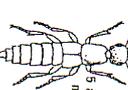
16  5 mm
Dipou

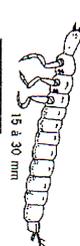
17  2,5 mm
Thysanoure

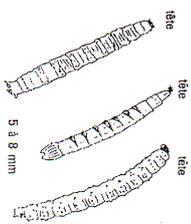
18  10 à 20 mm
tête

19  3 à 5 mm
RA Végétaux

20  10 mm
RA Végétaux

21  5 à 20 mm
RA Végétaux

22  15 à 30 mm

23  5 à 8 mm
tête